NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

A CONSOLIDATION of the New England Telephone Exchanges has been arranged. The Bell Company has a majority

THE remains of the late Montgomery Blair were placed in the family yault in Rock Creek Cemetry near Washington, D. C., on the 29th.

In the case of ex-Treasurer Polk, of Tennessee, the jury found a verdict of at Minneapolis, Minn. guilty and assessed punishment at twenty years' imprisonment.

Between 1,200 and 1,500 cases were made by the police in St. Louis, Mo., on the 27th. 29th against violators of the Sunday law, mainly saloon-keepers.

THE Treasury Department purchased 420,000 ounces of silver on the 26th for delivery at the Philadelphia, New Orleans and San Francisco Mints.

ENGLAND has protested against the return of paupers from New York, who were on their way to join friends that were ready to take care of them.

THE mail-boat Casino, which recently sailed from Liverpool, Eng., for the west coast of Africa, took three thousand, carbines for Henry M. Stanley.

PACKARD, the American Consul at London, Eng., has appointed a doctor to vessels bound for the United States.

of Chesapeake Bay without detection, the other day, but was quarantined at Balti-

THE report of the Tuke Committee shows that in three months 5,327 emigrants were assisted out of Ireland at a cost of £35,000. It recommends a continuance of the practice.

AT a recent meeting of the South Carolina Grange, Senator Butler argued that negro labor grows more worthless each spared, and that Chinese ought to be imported to cultivate the cotton-fields.

THE Sioux Indians held their annual sun dance at Rosebud Agency the other afternoon, ten thousand being present from all parts of the reservation. The Government had given orders to suppress the barbarous practice, but the agents were

Columbus, Ohio, on the 26th, twenty-five with him in New York, and one daughter members of the Fifty-fourth Virginia Reg. in Europe. iment were entertained by the Third Ohio. Speeches were made the day before by R. B. Hayes, Charles Foster and Judges Hoadlev and Foraker.

THE cholera cases which had occurred in England were on the 27th pro. nounced sporadic, and had no connection with the epidemic in Egypt. The deaths at Cairo for the twenty-four hours were 311. In the Bombay presidency 1,161 deaths occurred from cholera the first week in

A STATEMENT of the condition of the United States Treasury on the 28th showed gold coin and bullion, \$201,850,557; silver dollars and bullion, \$117,186,449; fractional silver coin, \$28,082,194; United States notes, \$548,586,372; total, \$401,947,837; gold, \$60,- Mexico a few days ago contained a note sig-444,030; silver, \$73,536,341; currency, \$12,-

MEMBERS of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers at Washington, D. C., presented to the President of the United States a "bill of grievances," on the 29th, setting forth the great injury resulting to the national Government from the "obstinate attitude" assumed by the telegraph com-

THE failures throughout the country for the seven days ended on the 27th numbered 180, as compared with 168 the week previous. The geographical distribution was: New England, 35; Middle States, 32; Western, 37; Southern, 23; Pacific States and Territories, 20; Canada, 31, and New York City, 8.

THE Commissioner of Statistics in Minnesota reports an increase of 146,904 car at Hoboken, N. Y., the other day by least 32,000,000 bushels, as the yield in the head with a lead pipe, but the attempt was southern counties will more than make up frustrated and the rascals captured. for drought in the Red River Valley. The Ohio Board of Agriculture estimates the wheat crop of that State at 23,873,000 bush-

A CABLEGRAM from Alexandria, Egypt, on the 30th ult. said an analysis had been made of the waters of the river Nile, which showed that it was infected There were 320 deaths from cholera at Cairo on the 29th and 443 at twenty other places between Minyeh and the Meditera-

There were 322 deaths from cholera at Cairo, Egypt, on the 28th, including three British soldiers, seventeen at Zifteh, seventeen at Barrage, eighty-four at Mehalla, eighty-one at Shirbin, forty-six at Tantah, fifty-one at Ghizeh, twenty-two at near Hudson, Wis., the other day and ornine at eleven other widely scattered

THE Khedive returned to Alexandria from Cairo, Egypt, on the 26th. There were 422 deaths from cholera in Cairo on that day. The death list on the 25th was five at Damieta, twenty-eight at Tantah, twenty-five at Meballa, six at Chobar. seven at Samanoud, fifey-six at Mehallet. twenty-one at Sifteh, twelve at Mansurah, fifty-five at Ghizeh and three at Menzaleh.

As a result of a compromise arranged a day or two before the American Rapid Telegraph Company had a full force of operators on the 26th. There were renewed rumors of a compromise with the Baltichanged, and that the time restriction on of defiance as on the first day.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

ATLANTIC CITY is said to be filled with Italian boys under control of padrones who compel them to bring in a stipulated sum daily. The authorities are trying to

break up the practice. THE Ward Iron Company, of Niles and New Philadelphia, O., has failed, with suicide. estimated liabilities of \$300,000. The available assets were said to be less than \$5,000.

Another batch of the Sprague property was sold on the 27th at Central Falls, R. I., for \$200,000.

A STORM which prevailed the other night in the vicinity of Fort Worth, Tex., Cuba, on the 30th. has proved to have been a very serious one throughout a wide extent of country.

AT the election in Denver, Colo., Robert B. Berth, of Philadelphia, was elected Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic on the second ballot. The national encampment closed on the 27th. The next encampment will be held

THE death of Hon. Montgomery Blair occurred at his residence, at Silver Springs, near Washington, D. C., on the

THE body of John Meininger, of Cincinnati, O., was cremated the other day at Washington, Pa.

Surrs have been begun against the patrons of a private letter express in New York under the United States postal laws. LIEUTENANT HOCKWOOD, of the Milwaukee (Wis.) police, force was shot and beaten by burglars whom he intercepted

THE annual report of Captain W. H. Haner on the progress of the work of the improvement of the South Pass of the Mississippi River indicates that the channel at the mouth of the Mississippi is now better than ever before.

THE bank of Leadville (Colo.) has inspect the passengers and cargoes of all failed disastrously, the assets being stated at \$228,450, with liabilities of \$410,129. Fears were entertained for the solvency of A YELLOW-FEVER stricken steamship the other banks there on the 27th, as they passed the health authorities at the mouth | had labored under heavy runs in consequence of the panic among depositors.

AT Fulton, N. Y., the other day, in presence of five thousand persons, Hanlan, Hosmer and Lee rowed a three-mile race, coming in one second apart, Hanlan win-

TEN business buildings were destroyed by fire at Lincoln, Neb., on the 29th.

The loss was estimated at \$250,000. ABOUT thirty thousand persons attended the Grand Army reunion at Columbus, O. The principal feature on the 27th, year; that 200,000 black hands can be safely the closing day, was the grand parade, which was participated in by representatives of the wars of 1776, 1812, Seminole, Mexican and rebellion.

> By an explosion in a mine at Caltani- principal cities of the country. setta, Sicilly, on the 29th thirty-five miners out of seventy were killed.

SENOR DON FRANCISCO BARCA, Spanhimself at the Albemarle Hotel in New At the national soldiers' reunion at leaves a wife and one daughter who were

> Lansing, of New York, occurred in that city on the 29th of heart disease.

During a frightful storm a box-car was blown from the siding onto the main track of the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad at Carlyon, N. Y., on the morning of the 28th. A few hours afterward an express train loaded with passengers dashed into the freight-car, and a ult. that the number killed by the great frightful wreck was the consequence, some disaster near Naples would exceed 3,000. twenty persons being killed and about thirty injured.

. The body of Captain Webb, the famous swimmer who lost his life in an attempt to breast the Rapids of the Niagara River, has been recovered.

A BOTTLE picked up in the Gulf of nifying that the ship Cape of Good Hope was a helpless wreck near the coast of

An earthquake completely destroyed Naples, on the night of the 28th. The number of people killed was estimated at three Lacceameno, were also terribly shaken up. NELSON W. FULLER, a veteran jour-

nalist, who established the first anti-slavery paper in Wisconsin, died at Sturgeon Bay, in that State, a few days ago.

The repudiation by Mexico of debts due to Spanish subjects was said to have brought about the recent recall of the Spanish Minister, and serious commercial trouble was expected to result.

A DESPERATE attempt was made to rob a bank cashier of \$10,000 on a street acres in wheat, and predicts a crop of at three villains who struck him over the

THERE were forty-eight deaths from yellow fever at Havana, Cuba, during the seven days ended on the 28th.

A CADET has been summarily dismissed from the Naval Academy at Annap-

olis for hazing. THOMAS WEAVER, charged with horsestealing, but out on bail, was shot to death with putrid matter to above the cataracts. by a mob in the western part of Coryell

County, Tex., the other night. One man was killed and two others were seriously injured by a boiler explosion which occurred in a saw-mill near Rus-

sellville, Ark., a few days ago. A MAN named Terry safely crossed the English Channel the other day on a floating trycicle.

THREE desperadoes entered a store Mitzamu, fourteen at Zagazig, and thirty- dered Charles Crandall, the clerk, who was alone in the store at the time, to hold up his hands. Instead of complying Crandall replied with his revolver and one of the scoundrels dropped to the floor with a bullet in his heart and the other two made

> Eight men dug under the walls of the jail at Berrien Springs, Mich., the other night and rejoined the world. Five of them were recaptured.

Socialist workmen unfurled the red flag in Geneva, Switzerland, the other day British Government. and seven of them were arrested. ONE hundred and eighty houses

curred in the Russian town of Semenov. Ir was reported on the 30th that persons. more and Ohio Company. The Western James Carey, the informer in the Phoenix THE extensive stables belonging to Union Company said its attitude was un. Park murder cases at Dublin, Ireland, had the Gordon House at Orangeville, Ont., been murdered on the steamship Melrose were destroyed by fire the other night. The delivery would probably be discontinued between Cape Town and Port Elizabeth by celebrated trotting horses General Bramish in a day or two. The strikers were as full a fellow-passenger named O'Donnell, who and Highland, Jr., with several other valusurrendered himself to the authorities.

Fire destroyed half of one of the finest blocks of business buildings in Minneapolis, Minn., the other evening, causing

a loss of \$100,000. GEORGE SHEPARD and wife were found dead in bed the other morning in New York, both being shot through the head. It was supposed to be murder and

CHARLES W. COPELAND & Co., shoe manufacturers of Boston, Mass., have failed for \$750,000. Stedman & Co., of New

York, also suspended.

ANOTHER Vera Cruz steamer unloaded a lot of yellow-fever patients at Havana

THE roof of the Minneapolis (Minn.) City Hall was burned off a few days ago, and the Telegraph Company's office in the building was damaged by water to such an extent that business had to be suspended. An order of arrest was issued against Rev. R. H. L. Tighe, pastor of Grace

Church Chapel, New York, a few days age. J. Noblett charged Tighe with alienating his wife's affections. An ex-policeman and a confederate,

who tried to rob a man a few days ago in Jersey City, N. J., have been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. F. S. SHAW & BROS., the largest tan-

ners in the world, have made an assignment at Boston, Mass. Nominal assets, \$5,000,000; liabilities, \$3,000,000. A FIRE at Tulaire, Cal., the other

night destroyed property of the estimated value of \$120,000; insurance \$60,000. THE Arkansas outlaws were attacked the other night while they were trying to the other day by a posse in Perry County, but escaped after killing two of the officers

> and wounding another. A CONVICTED murderer in Pennsylvania had not eaten for five days up to the 30th ult. He would starve rather than

> NEAR Oak Woods Cemetery, Chicago. Ill., the other day, John Files and Paddy Norton had a slugging-match of eleven rounds for a purse of \$100, the referee dedaring it a draw.

> THE stage from Helena to Deer Lodge. Mont., was stopped by road agents a few days ago, who cleaned out the treasure-box. ails and passengers.

Gilroy, Cal., reported two shocks of earthquake there on the 30th uit. Rumoling sounds were distinctly heard.

Some workmen digging gravel in the vicinity of the Cincinnati Southern Depot in Cincinnati, O., the other morning discovered the body of a young man who was lost there last February at the time the flood swept away a portion of the depot.

Monsignor Capel, who converted the Marquis of Bute to the Catholic faith, arrived in New York a few days ago. He proposes to give a course of lectures in the

In the District Criminal Court at Washington, D. C., on the 30th Judge Wylie rendered a decision overruling a ish Minister to the United States, killed motion to quash the indictment in the Kellogg star-route case. Kellogg pleaded York on the 29th. His debts caused it. He | not guilty and the court adjourned to October 8.

Ir is reported that the late Peter Goelet, of New York, who left an immense THE death of ex-Congressman W. E. | fortune, and was believed to be a bachelor, was in 1845 married to a lady in Parke County, Ind., who gave birth to a daughter, who now lays claim to an estate worth many millions.

> GLADSTONE has informed the British Commons that the Suez Canal negotiations would not be resumed immediately. It was thought probable on the 30th

> It was stated that it was not properly an earthquake, but a subsidence of the ground. THE telegraph strike remained about as usual on the 30th ult. Both sides were

still serene. Some improvement in the service was reported.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

THE cable announces that great joy was exhibited throughout Ireland upon receipt of the news of the death of James the Italian town of Casamicciola, near Carey, the informer in the Phoenix Park murder cases. O'Donnell, who shot him to death, was examined before a magistrate thousand. Two other towns, Forio and at Port Elizabeth on the 31st. He said he was a gold digger from California. A fund to be used in defending him was being

raised in Dublin. Miss Nellie Arthur, daughter of the President, is taking a trip along the Atlantic coast on the United States steamer

AT Bellevue, O., fifty employes of the Nickel Plate Road burned an editor in effigy the other day because he had abused them in print.

THE deaths from Cholera among the British troops in Egypt, on the 30th, numbered six at Ismailia; one at Cairo; one at Helovan, and one at El Warden. The deaths among the natives in Egypt, exclusive of those at Cairo, numbered 429, including seventeen at Rosetta.

LENNING, the German-American student arrested in Switzerland for killing a fellow-student in a duel near Wurzburg, Germany, was released from custody, the Swiss authorities holding his offense was not extraditable.

THE heavy failures in Boston, Mass., caused considerable uneasiness on the 31st, but it was believed the crash would extend no further. Hundreds of thousands of dollars of Shaw & Bros. paper was outstanding.

THE only American sufferer by the earthquake at Ischia, Italy, was a Miss Van Allen, who was slightly hurt. King Humbert went to visit the wreck at Casamicciola

on the 31st. THE Massachusetts Republicans will hold their State Convention in Boston Sept. THE telegraph strike exhibited no

new feature on the 31st. Tampering with wires was reported in New York. Business in St. Louis was still accepted subject to delay. The strikers remained firm. Ir is announced that the Treasury Department; on thorough investigation,

finds that foot and mouth disease does not prevail among cattle in this country, and the fact is to be brought to the notice of the THE management of the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad has been were destroyed by a recent fire which ec- severely criticised for the recent accident

which resulted in the death of nineteen able animals, perished; loss, \$15,000.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

The Sunday Law.

The following letter from the Governor was presented at a recent meeting of the St. Louis Board of Police Commissioners, and after the subject was fully discussed the Board finally concluded to enforce the

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, JEFFERSON CITY, July 20, 1863. Hon. Daniel Kerwin, Vice-President Board of Police Commissioners, St. Louis, Mo.: Sir-It has been my purpose for more than a year to make a trip this summer to Salt Lake with my wife. I expect to leave next Monday. I hoped that your board before this would have matured some plan by which to carry into execution the Downing bill in St. Louis. It is the law and should be about the part of the same plan by which to carry into execution the Downing bill in St. Louis. It is the law and should be obeyed by all. It went into effect on the first day of the month. It was declared constitutional by the Supreme Court on the 3d of July, and it is as much the law in St. Louis as in any other part of the State. No partiality in its execution must be shown in the State. It is reported through the public print that you are awaiting the action of the Council and the legal advice of Mr. Bell. There may be other reasons for delay of which i am not informed. Some constructhe delay into a disposition to defeat the law. Knowing the Police Board to be law-abiding and law-conforming. I can not give assent to such belief. As neither the Council nor Mr. Bell can impair the validity of the law, I am unable to discover why they should be called upon to determine the condition and manner of its to determine the condition and manner of its operation. The law decides that, independent of any other person or body, neither you nor the Council nor Mr. Bell is responsible for the law. It is enough for us to know that it is the law. But you and I will be held responsible for its enforcement. Unaided by the courts and officers of the State, I can accomplish nothing toward its enforcement. With their remark assistance much can be done their primary assistance much can be done toward its absolute success. Before my re-turn to the State I truly hope that your board has done its whole duty under the law. No body or class of men can be permitted to defy or nullify a law against the moral sentiment of two-thirds of the people of the State.—It is successfully executed elsewhere within the State and it should be in St. Louis. A surrender of your police powers under an emphatic and positive law to the dictation of any class of men, will mark your administration with a timidity unworthy of your intelligence and individual character. The force and penalties of the law will greatly strengthen your efforts, and when those are added to the strong moral support of thousands within your city, they will be rendered.

sands within your city, they will be rendered invincible. Delay in the enforcement of the law emboldens its opposers and decreases the confidence of its friends, not so much in the force and virtue of the law as in the officers whose duty it is to execute it. Very truly yours, THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN.

Internal Revenue. The following statement shows the internal revenue receipts in this State for the

fiscal year ended June 30, 1883: First District—Distilled spirits, \$2.199,046.43; tobacco, snuff and cigars, \$2,965,575.15; fermented liquors, \$902,547.78; banks and bankers, \$146,547.78; miscellaneous, \$28.80, and penalties, \$17,651.40. Total, \$6,290,677.64.

Second District—Distilled spirits, \$33,459.01; tobacco, snuff and cigars, \$13,630.63; fermented liquors, \$9,482.47; banks and bankers, \$2,516.88; penalties, \$1,197.69. Total, \$60,286.65.

Fourth District—Distilled spirits, \$31,859.12; tobacco, snuff and cigars, \$23,905.54; fermented liquors, \$13,270.34; banks and bankers, \$19,833,67; miscellaneous, \$7.50; penalties, \$11.70. Total, \$38,953.87.

Fifth District—Distilled spirits, \$34,210.46; tobacco, snuff and cigars, \$66,945.76; fermented liquors, \$10,904.97; banks and bankers, \$19,005.29; penalties, \$415.78. Total, \$131,482.26.

Sixth District-Distilled liquors, \$680,844.70: tobacco, snulf and cigars. \$95,524.82; fer-mented liquors, \$49,955.45; banks and bankers, \$68,971.72; m!scellaneous, \$13.82; penalties, \$2,720.47, [Total, \$899,010.98]

otal re:cipts from the five districts were

Mistellaneous Items.

John N. Henkel committeed suicide at St. Louis the other night by taking Paris

A novel suit was begun in a Kansas City court recently, in which G. C. Branham charges Enoch Pratt with having obtained from him fifty cents by means of false pretenses. The claim Branham makes is that he went into the Union Avenue Hotel, managed by defendant, a short time ago and paid fifty cents for a night's lodging, the defendant assuring him that he should have a good 1 d. When he went to his room he found he could not sleep on the bed given him, and he went down and demanded his money back. This was refused, and the man went elsewhere to sleep. In order to "get even," he then instituted his

Among the patents issued from the Patent office at Washington recently were the following to Missouri inventors: George C. Busch, Eureka, boot or shoe; John Cochran, Jr., Millwood, mechanical movement: John S. Dunham, St. Louis, confection: Alexander Handlan, Jr., St. Louis, locomotive head-light; Willian Rudolph, Sr., St. Louis, breast-chains for harness; Andrew W. Taylor, Salisbury, hay rake; Wilbur Thorpe, St. Joseph, mechanical key board attachment for musical in-

Lafayette Montgomery, of Kansas City, after a prolonged quarrel with a woman with whom he had been living, crushed her skull the other day with a kerosene lamp. As he ran for a mile through the crowded streets, brandishing a razor, he was hotly pursued by five policemen, who emptied their revolvers at him, but he escaped across the line into Kansas.

One hundred country base ball organizations are playing the national game this year in Missouri.

At Bird's Point, Mississippi County, the other night, a man attacked Yardmaster Dwyer while he was asleep in bed, and tried to kill him with a large pitcher. Failing in this, he drew a dirk-knife, but before he could use it the noise brought assistance, and the assassin fled to Cairo in a skiff. Next morning early Officer McTigue arrested the villian, who proved to be John Haley, whom the Sheriffs of Mississippi County and Ballard County, Ky., both wanted. Some time ago Haley shot a man at Bird's Point, and had been at large since. His capture was considered by the officers an important one.

The State Bar Association closed an interesting two-days' session at Sweet Springs a few days ago. John C. Gage, of Kansas City, was elected President of the association for the ensuing year, and Charles E. Withrow, of St. Louis, Secretary. A great many prominent judges and attorneys were in attendance, and the meeting is said to have been the most successful the association ever held.

Crop prospects are brightening.

A letter was received at the New York Post-office recently from Burlington. the envelope of which was badly defaced and bruised. It bore the official indorsement: "A cyclone struck this town last night. All the mails saved, but in this con-

At Sedalia, the other night, a young along the river last night, and the rise and intelligent Frenchman named De Leon. a barber by profession, was arrested on a charge of desertion from the United States army. He was taken to Leavenworth, Kans., by Detective John Delong, who made the arrest.

Another St. Louis man has been awarded a patent on a toy pistol.

ENGULFED.

The Town of Casamicciola, Italy, Swallowed up by an Earthquake-Three Thousand Lives Estimated to Have been Lost.

LONDON, ENG., July 29. The town of Casamicciola, near Naples, was almost entirely destroyed by an earthquake last night. The neighboring towns, Foris and Lacceameno, were greatly damaged. One hundred persons, more or less severely injured, have arrived at Naples

by steamers. It is impossible to give the number of dead at Casamicciola. In the latest accounts the number is estimated at three thousand. The Hotel Picciola Sentinella sank into the earth and buried many inmates. Some of the inhabitants of the town escaped to sea at the first shock and made their way to Naples with news of the calamity. The center of the area of the shock was the same as that two years ago, but the radius was wider. The shock was felt at sea, and according to some accounts

even at Naples.

The ground opened in many places, while in other places there was no movement. Water gushed out of springs. Several boilers in a bathing-house burst. The theater, a wooden structure, was literally torn open, allowing the audience to escape.

At Lacco there are many dead and wounded. At Forio churches were ruined, but no one killed. At Serrara fifteen were

killed. All steamers plying between Ischia and the mainland were im-mediately chartered by the Government to bring the wounded from the island. Rome, July 29.—The Minister of Public works has gone to Casamicciola to organize measures of relief. The shocks began at alf-past nine o'clock last night. At that hour a majority of the people of the upper classes were at the theatre. Nearly all of the houses in town collapsed. It is estimated one thousand persons were killed and 800 injured. The impression produced by the disaster is indescribable.

A Naples correspondent of the Bersag-here telegraphs as follows: "I have just returned from Ischia. Casamicciola, Lacco and Forio have been destroyed. These were three of the most flourishing commu-nities on the island, which was half over-thrown. The road between the town of Ischia and Casamicciola is impassable." Stories told by survivors are horrible.

Many Romans having villas at Ischia are known to have been lost. The dead are fearfully mutilated. In some cases corpses are plainly discernible through the ruins, but they can not be extricated. It is surmised that some persons are still alive in cellars. A correspondent telegraphs this afternoon that judging from reports already at hand the calamity will infinitely exceed the Chico earthquake in 1881.

The syndic of Casamicciola telegraphs as follows: The shock came with irresistible violence and was accompanied by deafen-ing noise. The confusion in the theater was fearful; lights were overthrown and set fire to the building. A dense cloud of dust filled the air, and cries of pain and terror were heard on all sides. On hearing the shouts of "To the sea!" a general rush was made toward the shore; and every boat and floating thing was taken by assault.

NAPLES, July 29 .- Steamers loaded with injured people are constantly arriving here from the scene of the calamity. The hospitals are already filled with sufferers.

WRECKED ON THE RAIL.

A Frightful Accident on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Rainroad-Sixteen

ALBION, N. Y., July 28. Eleven mangled bodies lay around the floor this afternoon of the little depot of Carlton Station, upon the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railway, located eight miles northwest of Albion, in Orleans County. Last evening a fearful wind, rain and thunderstorm raged in that section of the State, doing considerable damage. At Carlton Station a freight car was standing upon a side-track, and was blown by the wind about 100 feet to a switch on the main track. Here it remained. At 9:40 o'clock last evening the express running between Niagara Falls and Thousand Islands, dashed into this freight car, causing one of the most frightful wrecks that has happened in this portion of the State for many years. The train was making about twenty miles an hour, and as it passed the station the head engineer saw the obstruction, blew for brakes, and with his fireman jumped as the train struck the car. The forward engine plowed off the track on the south, the second on the north, turning over on their sides, where they were ground and broken into pieces. The destruction which followed beggars description. Besides the engine, the two baggage cars, day coach and four sleeping cars were ditched and terribly wrecked Four cars remained upon the track; all of them are said to have been well filled, and it is a wonder how so many as did escaped with their lives. The passengers were thrown into a heap of crushed timbers and a mass of bleeding corpses. From the wreck, enveloped in darkness and drenched in rain, means and groans went up, mingled with pitiful appeals for help. Men, women and children were plunged beneath the overturned cars in an indescribable mass of mangled humanity, and from the wreck the white hands of ladies and the limbs of children protruded in such a manner as to make a most sickening sight. The following are the names of those who perished in the wreck: Birnie Bostwick, of Carlton; Thos. Hayne, Chicago, Ill.; Jane E. Carl, Lansing, Mich; Prof. C. W. Stone, Battle Creek, Mich; Lute J. Fran-Stone, Battle Creek, Mich.; Lute J. Frances, fireman, Oswego; James McCarthy, engineer, Oswego; Wm. Lafeare, Bay City, Mich.; Ashley Tyler, Camden, N. Y.; Thos. Stells, Watertown, N. Y.; O. B. Troop, Schoharie, N. Y.; J. C. Schenck, Cleveland, O.; Mrs. J. C. Wortley, Salina, Mich.; Henry McCormick, Benton, Eaton County, Mich.; Louis J. Boos and wife, Philadelphia; Thos. Dixon, Cleveland, O.

It is impossible to give a complete list of the injured. The following are the names of those persons now lodged with farmers:

tion of the hip and ankle. Mrs. Prof. C. M. Stone, Battle Creek, Mich.; fracture of the forearm, and otherwise bruised. Mrs. Josephine Lefevre, Bay City, Mich. left leg broken in two places, four ribs broken and breast crushed in.

Mrs. R. C. Munda, of Bay City, Mich.;

Alice Jennison, Philadelphia; disloca-

badly injured internally.

Mrs. W. T. Hall and daughter, of Lesley. Mich .; mother injured about the head and daughter sustained severe spinal injuries. Mary M. Throop, Schoharie Court House, N. Y.: legs bruised. Alexander Lowar, Mendon, Mich.; injured about the head.

Mrs. A. M. McKaster, Ireland, arm broken. Mrs. Dudley Salisbury, Battle Creek, Mich.; arm dislocated, throat bruised, lungs crushed, gash in head. Rev. E. D. Gould, Carthage, Mo.; deep cut in head and generally bruised.

Miss Briggs, of Battle Creek, Mich.; gen-

erally bruised: removed to Lyndonville. Lumber Rafts Swept Off by a Flood,

PITTSBURGH, PA., July 29. Seventy-five rafts, containing 375,000 fees of lumber, were swept from their moorings at Herris Island by a freshet in the Allegheney River. A heavy rain fell all came so suddenly that the rafts were swept away before the owners had time to save them. At Sixth street suspension bridge a raft with an unknown man on it struck a pier and went to pieces, and the man was drowned before assistance could reach him. It was reported that three others shared a similar fate, but this was not verified. The loss will aggregate \$200.000.

VIGILANTES' VENGEANCE.

A Montana Desperado Hanged by a Mob at Miles City-The Town Partially Destroyed by Incendiaries.

St. PAUL, MINN., July 26. A Miles City special says that a party of masked men proceeded to the County Jail yesterday, overpowered the Jailer, and seized a man named Rigney whom they took about a mile out of town and hanged to the projecting end of a railroad tie over a culvert. Rigney had been jailed the day before for disorderly conduct, and bore a reputation as a hard citizen; having been accused of robbery and other crimes. He was a bartender in the saloon of the Cosmopolitan Theater. Two hours after he was hung the theater burst into flames, and was completely destroyed, with six other buildings, among which was a large drug store. The progress of the fire was arrested by the brick building of the First National Bank, otherwise the entire block would have been destroyed. The total loss is estimated at \$50,000. It is generally thought that the fire was the work of an incendiary, in retaliation for the hanging of Rigney.

LATER DETAILS OF THE LYNCHING.

Later advices from Miles City show that the fire occurred first and the lynching afterward. The fire broke out in the Cosmopolitan Theater, which was in a mass of flames nearly as soon as discovered. Next the flames fell upon a row of three small buildings, occupied by Marrill as a lunch counter, Brown's tobacco store and Bishop's Side-board saloon. These were totally consumed. The fire quickly spread to the next building, which was known as Flick's Hall, owned by Charles Bishop. This building, being of pine logs, gave out a great heat, and the fire here gained so much strength that the block at one time was given up for gone. From this building it spread to the large and handsome store of Bisenick & Bros., stationery and general dealers, and in a few moments what was a magnificent structure was a total wreck. The next building to succumb to the flames was the drug store of W. E. Savage & Co., a large two-story frame building adjoining the First National Bank. It was also quickly destroyed, and by the frantic efforts of the citizens the fire was here stopped. The bank building, being of brick, interposed as a barrier to the further advancement of the fire. The loss is estimated at various figures, by some as high as \$100,000.

After the excitement of the fire was over a party of masked and determined men proceeded to the jail and took therefrom Bill Rigney, who had been incarcerated a few days before for threatening to assault the daughters of a worthy family named Brown. He was found in the cell, and after some trouble was taken out, a rope put around his neck and he was taken to the railroad bridge over the Tongue River, distant about a half mile, and hanged.

Slain in the Street.

JACKSON, GA., July, 28. Information of a shocking murder in the apper part of Monroe County, near Unionville, has reached this place. Charles Wright, a young man of twenty-one years, son of Dr. James F. Wright, of Unionville, met W. J. N. Hane in a public road near that village and shot him three times. killing him instantly. The causes leading to the affair appear to be as follows: On Tuesday Mr. Wright was in Forsyth until late trying to sell his horse and buggy, stating that he wanted funds with which to go West. While driving along a dark road after night he ran into Cap E. Hane, a younger brother of the murdered man, doing damage to his own vehicle, after which both young men proceeded on their way. Next morning Charles Wright and his younger brother started to the shop with the buggy for repairs, and en route met W. J. N. Hane accompany-ing his brother Caper on the way to church. As soon as the two buggies met Charles Wright began to quarrel with the younger Hane about their collision of the previous night, and soon drew a pistol, with the apparent in-tention of shooting him. The older brother, W. J. N. Hane, sprang from his buggy, and getting between the two buggies endeav-ored to act as peace-maker, begging Wright to put up his pistol, as they were unarmed. Wright drew his pistol upon the older Hane and fired three shots, the first passing through his hat, the second striking his head and the third entering his breast and inflicting a mortal wound. Wright then sprang from his buggy and fled. His younger brother, William Wright, ran back up the road, and met at a short distance Levi Alexander, and told him his brother had killed a man, and continued his flight. Upon Mr. Alexander's arrival he found Hane dead. Charles Wright, the murderer, has not yet been arrested, and is supposed to be making his way West.

Bridge Demolished.

DETROIT, MICH., July, 28. A calamity which was threatened at Grand Rapids the past two or three days took place this morning. An immense jam of logs extending up Grand river for miles has been lodged against the bridge of the Detroit & Grand Haven Railroad, near the city. It has been hoped that the bridge might resist the tremendous pressure, but it succumbed this forenoon and went down with a crash. The bridge of the Grand Rapids, Indiana, Chicago and West Michigan followed suit. Millions of feet of logs have gone down the river with the flow, and are almost certain to continue down, sweeping every-thing before them, going into Lake Michigan. If this proves true, a large additional number of logs will be carried out at Grand Haven, as well as destruction of all bridges there. The ultimate losses, it is feared, will reach many thousand dollars. The calamity is unprecedented in its extent.

Steamboat Mate Brutally Beaten.

CAIRO, ILLI, July 28. William McCarty, mate of the City of Vicksburg, was placed in the hospital here last night, suffering from the effects of a severe beating administered by parties at Darnell's Landing yesterday. It appears that on the down trip of the boat the mate became involved in some slight dispute with parties at the landing, but supposed it was all settled. On landing there last night the mate was induced to go ashore upon some pretext, and was immediately set upon by three men, by whom he was dis-armed and beaten unmercifully with a club, breaking his nose and several ribs and bruising his back and entire body frightfully. He is suffering very much, but will recover.

The Verdict in the Polk Trial.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 26. A verdict was rendered by the -ry in the Polk case this morning at 9:3) Look. Polk was found guilty of embezzelment and his punishment fixed at twenty years in the Penitentiary-full extent of the lawand a fine assessed of \$366,540.10. A large crowd was in the court-room when the jary. entered, and all eyes were fixed upon the defendant. The verdict was reached last night, so a juryman stated to-day, and was unanimous on the first ballot. The present bond of \$35,000 for defendant's appearance will stand good until the final disposition of the case. A motion for a new trial was antered by the defense to-day.